

HUMAN FRATAXIN KITS

Part # 63ADK039PEG & 63ADK039PEH

Test Size#: 500 tests (63ADK039PEG), 10,000 tests (63ADK039PEH) - assay volume: 20 µL

Revision: #05 of September 2023

Store at: ≤- 60°C (63ADK039PEG); ≤- 60°C (63ADK039PEH)

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

ASSAY PRINCIPLE

Revvity Human Frataxin assay is only intended for quantitative measurement of Human Frataxin in cells using HTRF® technology.

Human Frataxin is detected in a sandwich assay format using 2 different specific antibodies, one labeled with Europium Cryptate (donor) and the second with d2 (acceptor).

The principle of detection is based on HTRF® technology. When the dyes are in close proximity, the excitation of the donor with a light source (laser or flash lamp) triggers a Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET) towards the acceptor, which in turn fluoresces at a specific wavelength (665 nm). The two antibodies bind to the Human Frataxin present in the sample, thereby generating FRET. Signal intensity is proportional to the number of antigen-antibody complexes formed and therefore to the Human Frataxin concentration (Fig. 1).

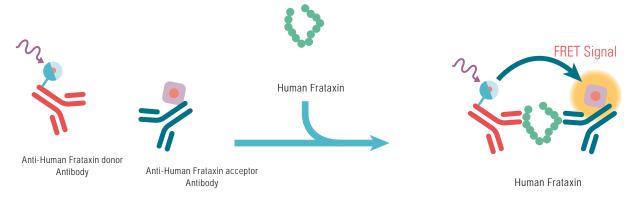


Figure 1: Principle of HTRF Human Frataxin sandwich assay.

The assay is run under a two-plate assay manual, where cells are plated, stimulated and lysed in the same culture plate. Lysates are then transferred to the assay plate for the detection of Human Frataxin by HTRF® reagents. This manual gives the cells viability and confluence to be monitored. It can also be further streamlined to a one-plate assay manual. Detection of Human Frataxinwith HTRF® reagents is performed in a single plate used for plating, stimulation and detection. No washing steps are required. This manual, HTS designed, allows miniaturization while maintaining HTRF® quality.

Technical support team can help you to set-up this manual or another one. Please contact us at www.revvity.com

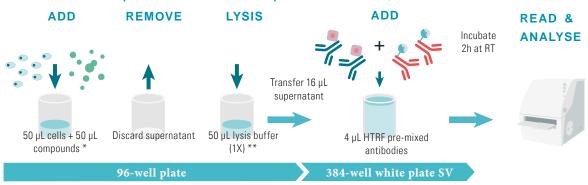
MANUAL AT A GLANCE



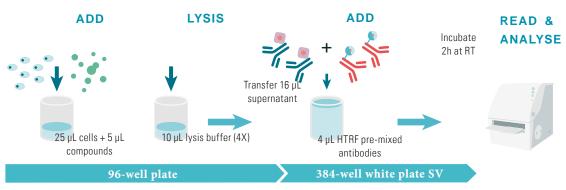
The assay can be run under a two-plate manual, where cells are plated and stimulated in the same culture plate, then transferred to the assay plate for the HTRF® detection. This manual enables the cells' viability and confluence to be monitored. It can also be further streamlined to a one-plate assay manual where plating, stimulation and detection is performed in a single plate. Cell density, stimulation time, lysis step and other parameters related to the biology are cell-dependent and need to be optimized. For cells kept in medium for the lysis, we recommend to use the lysis buffer 4X (ready to use).

For cells removing the medium for lysis, we recommend to use the lysis buffer 1X.

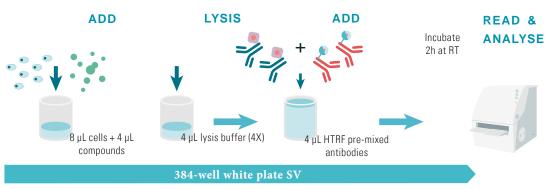
TWO-PLATE ASSAY MANUAL (FOR ADHERENT CELLS):



TWO-PLATE ASSAY MANUAL (FOR SUSPENSION CELLS):



ONE-PLATE ASSAY MANUAL:



MATERIALS PROVIDED:

Kit components	500 tests Cat # 63ADK039PEG	10,000 tests Cat # 63ADK039PEH		
Control lysate Frozen/ready-to-use	1 vial - 150 μL	2 vials - 150µL		
Anti-Human Frataxin-Eu Cryptate Antibody	1 vial - 20 μL Frozen - 50 X	1 vial - 400µL Frozen - 50 X		
Anti-Human Frataxin-d2 Antibody	1 vial - 20 μL Frozen - 50 X	1 vial - 400 μL Frozen - 50 X		
Lysis buffer #2 * stock solution 4X	1 vial - 16 mL Frozen	1 vial - 70 mL Frozen		
Detection Buffer #8 **	1 vial - 2 mL	1 vial - 50 mL		
ready-to-use	Frozen	Frozen		

 $^{^{\}star}$ Amounts of reagents provided are sufficient for generating 50 μL of cell lysate per well.

PURCHASE SEPARATELY:

- HTRF®-Certified Reader**. Make sure the setup for Eu Cryptate is used
- For a list of HTRF-compatible readers and set-up recommendations, please visit www.revvity.com
- Small volume (SV) detection microplates Use white plate only.
- For more information about microplate recommendations, please visit our website at: www.revvity.com

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Antibodies, control lysate and buffers should be stored frozen until use.

Thawed lysis buffer and detection buffer can be stored at 2-8°C in your premises. Thawed antibodies are stable 48 hours at 2-8°C; they can be refrozen (at ≤-16°C) and thawed at least one more time. Control lysate must be stored frozen at -60°C or below. Thawed control lysate can be refrozen (at -60°C) and thawed one more time.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Allow all reagents to thaw before use. We recommend centrifuging the vials gently after thawing, before pipeting the stock solutions.

Prepare the working solutions from stock solutions by following the instructions below.

POSITIVE CONTROL SOLUTION: READY-TO-USE

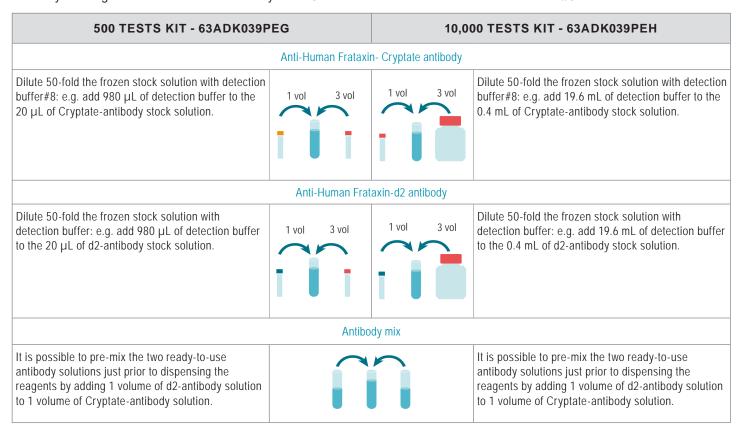
The control cell lysate is only provided as an internal assay control to check the quality of the results obtained. The window between control lysate and negative control should be greater than 2.

^{**} The Detection Buffer is used to prepare working solutions of acceptor and donor reagents.

TO PREPARE WORKING ANTIBODY SOLUTIONS:

HTRF® reagent concentrations have been set for optimal assay performances. Note that any dilution or improper use of the d2 and Cryptate-antibodies will impair the assay's quality. Be careful, as working solution preparation for antibodies may differ between the 500 and 10,000 tests data point kit.

Antibody working solutions are stable for 2 days at 4°C. Dilute the antibodies with detection buffer #8.



TO PREPARE LYSIS BUFFER:

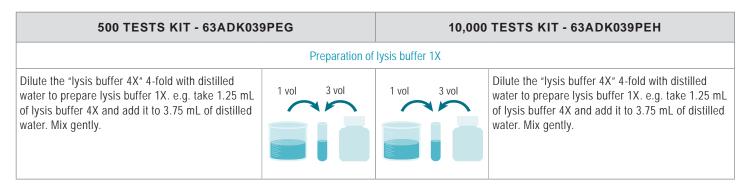
Make sure that the lysate has been generated by using the kit reagents.

Prepare the required amount of lysis buffer before running the assay, working solutions are stable for 2 days at 2-8°C.

> Lysis buffer 1X for two-plate assay manual on adherent cells

Determine the amount of lysis buffer needed for the experiment. Each well requires generally 50 µL of lysis buffer.

Prepare a lysis buffer solution 1X by diluting 4-fold the lysis buffer 4X with distilled water.



Lysis buffer 4X for assay manual on cells: two-plate assay manual on suspension cells and one-plate assay manual

Buffer is ready-to-use

Determine the amount of lysis buffer needed for the experiment:

- One-plate assay manual: Each well requires generally 4 µL of lysis buffer.
- Two-plate assay manual: Each well requires generally 10 μL of lysis buffer.

TWO PLATE ASSAY MANUAL

GENERAL LAB WORK PRIOR USING REVVITY KIT: CELLS PREPARATION

FOR ADHERENT CELLS FOR SUSPENSION CELLS Plate 50 µL of cells in 96-well tissue-culture Plate 25 µL of cells in 96-well tissue-culture treated plate in appropriate growth medium and treated plate in appropriate growth medium and incubate overnight, at 37°C in CO2 atmosphere. incubate overnight, at 37°C in CO2 atmosphere. Optimization of cell seeding densities is recommended. Depending on receptor a starving step with serum-free medium could be essential. 96-well culture plate Dispense 50 µL of compounds (2X) diluted in cell Dispense 5 µL of compounds (6X) diluted in cell culture medium culture medium For most compound, incubation time should be above 24 hours at 37°C. We recommend a time course study to determine the optimal stimulation time. Note that concentration above 0.5% DMSO will impair assay performances. 96-well culture plate Same final concentration of DMSO must be used for each compound dilutions. Remove carefully cell supernatant either by 3 Do not remove cell supernatant aspirating supernatant or by flicking the plate. 96-well culture plate **HUMAN FRATAXIN DETECTION USING REVVITY KIT** FOR SUSPENSION CELLS FOR ADHERENT CELLS Immediately add 50 µL of lysis buffer (1X) Immediately add 10 µL of lysis buffer (4X) and incubate for at least 30 minutes at room and incubate for at least 30 minutes at room temperature under shaking. temperature under shaking. Use the appropriate lysis buffer and incubate at room temperature with shaking. We recommend a time course study to determine the optimal lysis incubation time. 96-well culture plate After homogenization by pipeting up and down, transfer 16 µL of cell lysate from the 96-well cellculture plate to a 384-well small volume white plate. Depending on cell lines used, it can be necessary to dilute the cell lysate to ensure samples are within the assay linear range 96-well culture plate 384-well SV plate Add 4 µL of premixed antibody solutions (vol/vol) prepared in the detection buffer #8. Cover the plate with a plate sealer. Incubate 2h at RT. Maximum signal is reached after 2h incubation time, and remains stable over a period of 24 hours. Therefore, readings can be made between 2h and 24h of incubation time. Set up your reader for Eu Cryptate and read the fluorescence emission at two different wavelenghts (665nm and 620nm) on a compatible HTRF® reader*. 384-well SV plate

> Standard manual for two-plate assay manual in 20 µL final volume (after lysis step)

Non-treated cell Treated cell

Step 1	
Step 2	
Step 3	
Step 4	⊙↓
Step 5	

lysate	lysate	Positive control	Negative control	Blank control		
Dispense 16 µL of non treated cell lysate	Dispense 16 µL of treated cell lysate			Dispense 16 µL of non treated cell lysate		
Add 2 µ	Add 2 µL of detection buffer #8					
Add 2 µL of Anti Human Frataxin-Eu Cryptate working solution to all wells						
Cover the plate with a plate sealer. Incubate 2h at room temperature. Maximum signal is reached after 2h incubati time, and remains stable over a period of 24 hours. Therefore, readings can be made between 2h and 24h of incubation time.						

Remove the plate sealer and read on an HTRF® compatible reader

The blank control is used to check the Cryptate signal at 620 nm.

The Negative control is used to check the non-specific signal. The ratio between control lysate signal / non-specific signal should be greater than 2.

^{*} For more information about HTRF® compatible readers and for set-up recommendations, please visit our website at: www.revvity.com

ONE PLATE ASSAY MANUAL

GENERAL LAB WORK PRIOR USING REVVITY KIT: CELLS PREPARATION Plate 8 µL of cells in a 384-well small volume white plate in your appropriate medium (without phenol red). Optimization of cell seeding densities is recommended. Depending on receptor a starving step with serum-free medium can be included. 384-well SV plate Dispense 4 µL of compounds (3X) diluted in your appropriate medium. For most compound, incubation time is between 10 and 30 minutes at 37°C. We recommend a time course study to determine the optimal stimulation time. 384-well SV plate **HUMAN FRATAXIN DETECTION USING REVVITY KIT** Add 4 µL of lysis buffer (4X). Use the appropriate supplemented lysis buffer and incubate for at least 30 minutes at room temperature under shaking. We recommend a time course study to determine the optimal lysis incubation time. 384-well SV plate Add 4 µL of premixed antibody solutions (vol/vol) prepared in the detection buffer #8. Cover the plate with a plate sealer. Incubate 2h at RT at room temperature. Maximum signal is reached after 2h incubation time, and remains stable over a period of 24 hours. Therefore, readings can be made between 2h and 24h of incubation time. Maximum signal is reached after 2h incubation time, and remains stable over a period of 24 hours. Therefore, readings can be made between 2h and 24h of incubation time. Set up your reader for Eu Cryptate and read the fluorescence emission at two different wavelenghts 384-well SV plate (665nm and 620nm) on a compatible HTRF® reader*.

> Standard manual for one-plate assay manual in 20 µL final volume

			Non treated cell lysate	Treated cell lysate	Blank control	Negative control	Positive control	
AL LAB RK	Step 1		Dispense 8 µL of cells				-	
GENERAL I	Step 2		Add 4 µL of your appropriate medium	Add 4 µL of compound	Add 4 µL of your appropriate medium	Dispense 12 µL of your appropriate medium	Dispense 16 µL of control lysate	
S	Step 3			-				
DETECTION STEP	Step 4	01	Incubate for at least 30 minutes at room temperature under shaking					
	Step 5		,		Add 2 µL of detection buffer #8	Add 2 µL of Anti-Human Frataxin-d2 working solution to all wells		
	Step 6		Add 2 μL of Anti Human Frataxin-Eu Cryptate working solution to all wells					
HUMAN FRATAXIN	Step 7	⊙↓	Cover the plate with a plate sealer. Incubate 2h at room temperature. Maximum signal is reached after 2h incubation time, and remains stable over a period of 24 hours. Therefore, readings can be made between 2h and 24h of incubation time.					
롸	Step 8		Remove the plate sealer and read on an HTRF® compatible reader					

The blank control is used to check the Cryptate signal at 620 nm.

The Negative control is used to check the non-specific signal. The ratio between control lysate signal / non-specific signal should be greater than 2.

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DATA REDUCTION & INTERPRETATION

1. Calculate the ratio of the acceptor and donor emission signals for each individual well.

Ratio =
$$\frac{\text{Signal 665 nm}}{\text{Signal 620 nm}} \times 10^4$$

2. Calculate the % CVs. The mean and standard deviation can then be worked out from ratio replicates.

3. Calculate the % delta F which reflects the signal to background of the assay. The negative control plays the role of an internal assay control. Delta F is used for the comparison of day to day runs of the same assay.

For more information about data reduction, please visit www.revvity.com

RESULTS

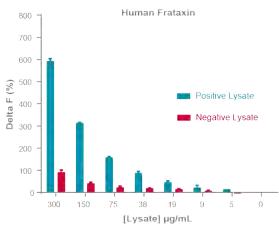
These data should be considered only as an example. Results may vary from one HTRF® compatible reader to another.

The curves are drawn up by plotting HTRF® Ratio versus the log [compound] concentrations.

Results were obtained on lymphoblasts

[lysate] µg/mL represents the concentration of the total protein in the assay

	Negative lysate			Positive lysate		
	Ratio (1)	CV% (2)	DF% (3)	Ratio (1)	CV% (2)	DF% (3)
0 (Neg. Control)	121	4%	3	125	7%	1.5
5 μg/mL	126	0%	4%	142	0%	13%
9 µg/mL	131	2%	9%	150	6%	20%
19 μg/mL	141	1%	17%	180	3%	44%
38 μg/mL	147	1%	21%	232	3%	85%
75 μg/mL	151	1%	25%	317	1%	154%
150 µg/mL	173	1%	43%	510	0%	307%
300 μg/mL	235	4%	94%	853	1%	582%



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