

AlphaLISA® IP-10/CXCL10 (Mouse) Detection Kit

Product number: AL556 HV/C/F

Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Product Information

Application: This kit is designed for the quantitative determination of Mouse IP-10 (mIP-10) in mouse

cell culture supernatants using a homogeneous AlphaLISA assay (no wash steps). The

assay shows negligible cross-reactivity with other species IP-10 proteins.

Sensitivity: Lower Detection Limit (LDL): 12 pg/mL

Lower Limit of Quantification (LLOQ): 42 pg/mL

EC₅₀: 31 ng/mL

Dynamic range: 12 –1 000 000 pg/mL (Figure 1).

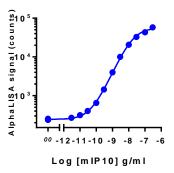


Figure 1. Typical sensitivity curve in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer. The data was generated using a white Optiplate[™]-384 microplate and the EnVision[®] Multilabel Plate Reader with Alpha option 2103.

Storage: Store kit in the dark at +4°C. Store reconstituted analyte at -20°C.

Stability: This kit is stable for at least 12 months from the manufacturing date when stored in its

original packaging and the recommended storage conditions.

Analyte of Interest

Interferon Gamma Induced Protein 10 (IP-10), also known as CXCL10, is a cytokine secreted in response to Interferon-γ. Cell types that secrete IP-10 include monocytes, endothelial cells and fibroblasts. IP-10 has several functions, including chemoattraction for monocytes/macrophages, T cells, NK cells, and dendritic cells, promotion of T cell adhesion to endothelial cells, and antitumor activity. IP-10 has been linked to multiple diseases including HIV, HPV and TB. The present kit permits the detection of mouse IP-10 in serum and cell culture lysates/samples.

Description of the AlphaLISA Assay

AlphaLISA technology allows the detection of molecules of interest in buffer, cell culture media, serum and plasma in a highly sensitive, quantitative, reproducible and user-friendly mode. In an AlphaLISA assay, a Biotinylated Anti-Analyte Antibody binds to the Streptavidin-coated Alpha Donor beads, while another Anti-Analyte Antibody is conjugated to AlphaLISA Acceptor beads. In the presence of the analyte, the beads come into close proximity. The excitation of the Donor beads provokes the release of singlet oxygen molecules that triggers a cascade of energy transfer in the Acceptor beads, resulting in a sharp peak of light emission at 615 nm (Figure 2).

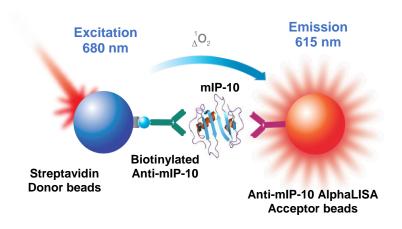


Figure 2. AlphaLISA Assay principle.

Precautions

- The AlphaScreen® Donor beads are light-sensitive. All the other assay reagents can be used under normal light conditions. All Alpha assays using the Donor beads should be performed under subdued laboratory lighting (< 100 lux). Green filters (LEE 090 filters (preferred) or Roscolux filters #389 from Rosco) can be applied to light fixtures.
- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. The analyte
 included in this kit is from a human source.
- Some analytes are present in saliva. Take precautionary measures to avoid contamination of the reagent solutions.
- The Biotinylated Anti-Analyte Antibody contains sodium azide. Contact with skin or inhalation should be avoided.

Kit Content: Reagents and Materials

Kit components	AL556HV (100 assay points***)	AL556C (500 assay points***)	AL556F (5000 assay points***)
AlphaLISA Anti-mIP-10 Acceptor beads stored in PBS, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.2	20 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	50 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	500 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)
Streptavidin (SA)-coated Donor beads stored in 25 mM HEPES, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.4	40 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	100 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	1.0 mL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)
Biotinylated Antibody Anti-mIP- 10□ stored in PBS, 0.1% Tween- 20, 0.05% NaN₃, pH 7.4	20 μL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	50 μL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	500 μL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)
AlphaLISA mIP-10 (1 μg), lyophilized analyte *	1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap	1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap	1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap
AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (10X) **	2 mL, 1 small bottle	10 mL, 1 small bottle	100 mL, 1 large bottle

^{*} Reconstitute mIP-10 in 100 μL Milli-Q® grade H₂O. The reconstituted analyte should be used within 60 minutes or aliquoted into screw-capped polypropylene vials and stored at -20°C for further experiments. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. It has been demonstrated that reconstituted One vial contains an amount of mIP-10 sufficient for performing 10 standard curves. Additional vials can be ordered separately (cat # AL556S).

Sodium azide should **not** be added to the stock reagents. High concentrations of sodium azide (> 0.001 % final in the assay) might decrease the AlphaLISA signal. Note that sodium azide from the Biotinylated Antibody stock solution will not interfere with the AlphaLISA signal (0.0001% final in the assay).

Specific additional required reagents and materials:

The following materials are recommended:

Item	Suggested source	Catalog #
TopSeal [™] -A Plus Adhesive Sealing Film	Revvity Inc.	6050185
EnVision®-Alpha Reader	Revvity Inc.	-

^{**} Extra buffer can be ordered separately (cat # AL000C: 10 mL, cat # AL000F: 100 mL).

The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 100 μ L in 96-well plates (AL522HV) or 50 μ L in 96- or 384-well assay plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations.

Recommendations

General recommendations:

- The volume indicated on each tube is guaranteed for single pipetting. Multiple pipetting of the reagents may reduce the theoretical amount left in the tube. To minimize loss when pipetting beads, it is preferable not to pre-wet the tip.
- Centrifuge all tubes (including lyophilized analyte) before use to improve recovery of content (2000g, 10-15 sec). Re-suspend all reagents by vortexing before use.
- Use Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O (18 MΩ•cm) to dilute 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer and to reconstitute the lyophilized analyte.
- When diluting the standard or samples, <u>change tips</u> between each standard or sample dilution. When loading reagents in the assay microplate, <u>change tips</u> between each standard or sample addition and after each set of reagents.
- When reagents are added to the microplate, make sure the liquids are at the bottom of the well.
- Small volumes may be prone to evaporation. It is recommended to cover microplates with TopSeal-A Plus Adhesive Sealing Films to reduce evaporation during incubation. Microplates can be read with the TopSeal-A Plus Film.
- The AlphaLISA signal is detected with an EnVision Multilabel Reader equipped with the Alpha option using the AlphaScreen standard settings (e.g. Total Measurement Time: 550 ms, Laser 680 nm Excitation Time: 180 ms, Mirror: D640as, Emission Filter: M570w, Center Wavelength 570 nm, Bandwidth 100 nm, Transmittance 75%).
- AlphaLISA signal will vary with temperature and incubation time. For consistent results, identical incubation times and temperature should be used for each plate.
- The standard curves shown in this technical data sheet are provided for information only. A standard curve
 must be generated for each experiment. The standard curve should be performed in the AlphaLISA
 Immunoassay Buffer for serum and/or plasma samples.

Assay Procedure

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THE RECOMMENDATIONS BELOW BEFORE USE

- The manual described below is an example for generating one standard curve in a 50 μL final assay volume (48 wells, triplicate determinations). The manuals also include testing samples in 452 wells. If a different amount of samples are tested, the volumes of all reagents have to be adjusted accordingly, as shown in the table below. These calculations do not include excess reagent to account for losses during transfer of solutions or dead volumes.
- The standard dilution manual is provided for information only. As needed, the number of replicates or the range of concentrations covered can be modified.
- Use of four background points in triplicate (12 wells) is recommended when LDL/LLOQ is calculated.
 One background point in triplicate (3 wells) can be used when LDL/LLOQ is not calculated.

			Volume			
Format	# of data points	Final	Sample	AlphaLISA Acceptor beads and Biotinylated Antibody	SA-Donor beads	Plate recommendation
AL556HV	100	100 μL	10 μL	10 μL	80 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
	250	100 μL	10 μL	10 μL	80 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
AL556C	500	50 μL	5 μL	5 μL	40 μL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate™-384 (cat # 6005350)
	1 250	20 μL	2 μL	2 μL	16 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate [™] -384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	2 500	10 µL	1 μL	1 μL	8 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)
	5 000	50 μL	5 μL	5 μL	40 μL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350)
AL556F	12 500	20 μL	2 μL	2 μL	16 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate-384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	25 000	10 μL	1 µL	1 μL	8 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)

2 Step High-concentration Manual (2 incubation steps) – Dilution of standards can be done in 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

Preparation of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer:

Add 10 mL of 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer to 90 mL H₂O.

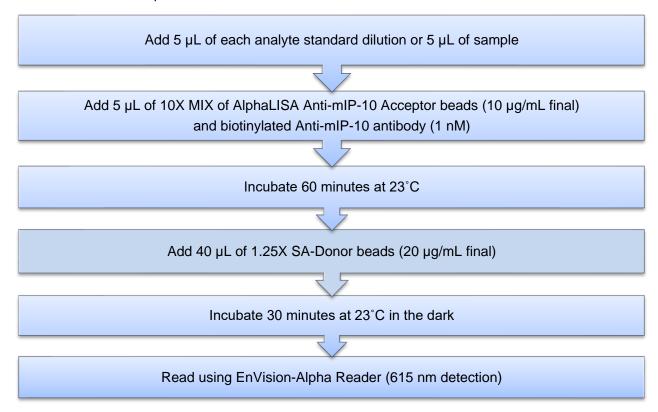
- 1) Preparation of mIP-10 analyte standard dilutions:
 - a) Reconstitute lyophilized mIP-10 (1 μg) in 100 μL of H₂O.
 - b) <u>Prepare</u> standard dilutions as follows in 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (change tip between each standard dilution):

Tube	Vol. of	Vol. of	[mIP-10] in standard curve	
Tube	mIP-10 (μL)	diluent (µL) *	(g/mL in 5 μL)	(pg/mL in 5 μL)
Α	10 µL of provided mIP-10	90	1.00E-06	1 000 000
В	60 μL of tube A	140	3.00E-07	300 000
С	60 μL of tube B	120	1.00E-07	100 000
D	60 μL of tube C	140	3.00E-08	30 000
E	60 μL of tube D	120	1.00E-08	10 000
F	60 μL of tube E	140	3.00E-09	3000
G	60 μL of tube F	120	1.00E-09	1000
Н	60 μL of tube G	140	3.00E-10	300
I	60 μL of tube H	120	1.00E-10	100
J	60 μL of tube I	140	3.00E-11	30
K	60 μL of tube J	120	1.00E-11	10
L	60 μL of tube K	140	3.00E-12	3
M ** (background)	0	100	0	0
N ** (background)	0	100	0	0
O ** (background)	0	100	0	0
P ** (background)	0	100	0	0

- * Dilute standards in diluent (e.g. 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer).

 At low concentrations of analyte, a significant amount of analyte can bind to the vial. Therefore, load the analyte standard dilutions in the assay microplate within 60 minutes of preparation.
- ** Four background points in triplicate (12 wells) are used when LDL is calculated. If LDL does not need to be calculated, one background point in triplicate can be used (3 wells).
- 2) <u>Preparation of 10X MIX of AlphaLISA Anti-mIP-10 Antibody Acceptor beads and Biotinylated Anti-mIP-10 Antibody (100 μg/mL / 10 nM):</u>
 - a. Add 50 μL of 5 mg/mL AlphaLISA Anti-mIP-10 Acceptor beads and 50 μL of 500 nM biotinylated Anti-mIP-10 antibody to 2400 μl of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.
 - b. Prepare just before use.
- 3) Preparation of 1.25X Streptavidin (SA) Donor beads (25 µg/mL):
 - a. Keep the beads under subdued laboratory lighting.
 - b. Add 100 µL of 5 mg/mL SA-Donor beads to 19 900 µL of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.
 - c. Prepare just before use.

4) In a 96- or 384-well microplate:



Data Analysis

- Calculate the average count value for the background wells.
- Generate a standard curve by plotting the AlphaLISA counts versus the concentration of analyte. A log scale
 can be used for either or both axes. No additional data transformation is required.
- Analyze data according to a nonlinear regression using the 4-parameter logistic equation (sigmoidal dose-response curve with variable slope) and a 1/Y² data weighting (the values at maximal concentrations of analyte after the hook point should be removed for correct analysis).
- The LDL is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 3 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (3xSD)) on the standard curve.
- The LLOQ as measured here is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 10 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (10xSD)) on the standard curve. Alternatively, the true LLOQ can be determined by spiking known concentrations of analyte in the matrix and measuring the percent recovery, and then determining the minimal amount of spiked analyte that can be quantified within a given limit (usually +/- 20% or 30% of the real concentration).
- Read from the standard curve the concentration of analyte contained in the samples.
- If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Assay Performance Characteristics

AlphaLISA assay performance described below was determined using the 2 step manual.

Assay Sensitivity:

The LDL and LLOQ were calculated as described above. The values correspond to the lowest concentration of analyte that can be detected in a volume of 5 µL using the recommended assay conditions.

LDL (pg/mL)	Buffer/Serum/Medium*	# of experiments
12	AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer	6
24	DMEM+ 10% FBS	6
112	RPMI + 10% FBS	6

^{*} The standard was prepared in these diluents.

Note that LDL/ LLOQ can be decreased (i.e. sensitivity increased) by increasing the volume of analyte in the assay (e.g. use 10 μ L of analyte in a final assay volume of 50 μ L). Since RPMI significantly reduced assay sensitivity we do not recommend using RPMI medium with this detection kit.

Assay Precision:

The following assay precision data were calculated from the three independent assays using two different kit lots. In each lot, the analytes were prepared in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (IAB), DMEM, or RPMI. Each assay consisted of one standard curve comprising 12 data points (each in triplicate) and 12 background wells (no analytes). The assays were performed in 384-well format using AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

Intra-assay precision:

The intra-assay precision was determined using a total of 16 independent determinations in triplicate, shown as average CV%.

mIP-10	IAB	DMEM +10% FBS	RPMI +10% FBS
CV (%)	7	5	10

Inter-assay precision:

The inter-assay precision was determined using a total of 3 independent determinations with 9 measurements for 3 ng/mL sample. Shown are CV%.

mIP-10 (10 ng/ml)	IAB	DMEM +10% FBS	RPMI +10% FBS
CV (%)	5	9	17

Spike Recovery:

One known concentration of analyte was spiked in 2-fold diluted mouse serum. The average recovery from three independent measurements is reported.

Spiked	% Recovery	
mIP-10 (ng/mL)	Mouse serum	
10	100	

Specificity:

Cross-reactivity of the AlphaLISA mIP-10 Kit was tested using the following proteins at 100 ng/mL in IAB. Reactivity to mIP-10 is 100%.

Protein	% Cross-reactivity
Rabbit IP-10	0
Human IP-10	1

Serum Experiments

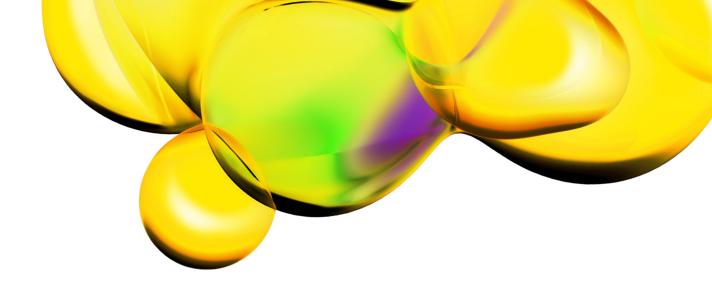
To measure serum concentrations of mIP-10, we recommend preparing the standards in 2 fold-diluted normal mouse serum. Mouse serum containing 100 ng/mL mIP-10 was serially diluted using the assay buffer. Dilution Linearity can be achieved > 16 fold.

Dilution Factor	% Recovery
16	84
32	94
64	102
128	110
256	110
512	111
1024	106
2048	103

Troubleshooting Guide

You will find detailed recommendations for common situations you might encounter with your AlphaLISA Assay kit at: www.revvity.com

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