revvity

AlphaLISA® Vimentin (Human Detection Kit

Product number: AL372 HV/C/F

Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Product Information

Application:	This kit is designed for the quantitative determination of Human vimentin in serum, cell culture media and cell lysate (demonstrated on HeLa cells) using a homogeneous AlphaLISA assay (no wash steps).
Sensitivity:	Lower Detection Limit (LDL): 40 pg/mL
	Lower Limit of Quantification (LLOQ): 126 pg/mL
	EC50: 526 ng/mL

Dynamic range: 40 – 1 000 000 pg/mL

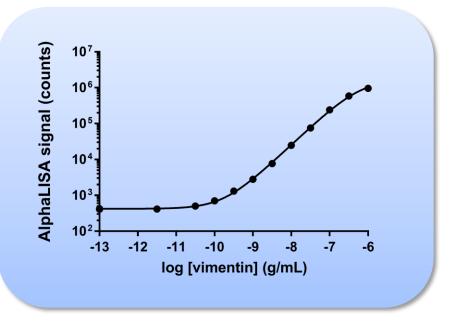


Figure 1. Typical sensitivity curve in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer. The data was generated using a white Optiplate[™]-384 microplate and the EnVision[®] Multilabel Plate Reader 2103 with Alpha option.

Storage: Store kit in the dark at +4°C. For reconstituted analyte aliquot and store at -20 °C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: This kit is stable for at least 12 months from the manufacturing date when stored in its original packaging and the recommended storage conditions.

Analyte of Interest

Vimentin is one of the components of cell intermediate filaments. It is a member of the class III filament proteins, and is the main cytoskeletal component of mesenchymal cells. It is also present in other non-epithelial cells It is widely used as a marker for the presence and growth of sarcoma cancers. Modified forms of vimentin (such as citrunilated forms) are also markers of arthritis and other inflammations. This kit allows for the detection of vimentin in cell culture media and cell extracts.

Description of the AlphaLISA Assay

AlphaLISA technology allows the detection of molecules of interest in buffer, cell culture media, serum and plasma in a highly sensitive, quantitative, reproducible and user-friendly mode. In the AlphaLISA assay, a biotinylated Anti-vimentin antibody binds to the Streptavidin-coated Alpha Donor beads, while another Anti-vimentin antibody is conjugated to AlphaLISA Acceptor beads. In the presence of vimentin, the beads come into close proximity. The excitation of the Donor beads provokes the release of singlet oxygen molecules that triggers a cascade of energy transfer in the Acceptor beads, resulting in a sharp peak of light emission at 615 nm (Figure 2).

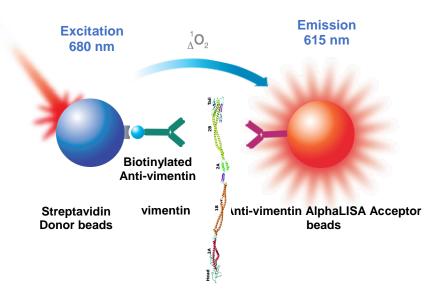


Figure 2. AlphaLISA Assay Principle.

Precautions

- The Alpha Donor beads are light-sensitive. All the other assay reagents can be used under normal light conditions. All Alpha assays using the Donor beads should be performed under subdued laboratory lighting (< 100 lux). Green filters (LEE 090 filters (preferred) or Roscolux filters #389 from Rosco) can be applied to light fixtures.
- Take precautionary measures to avoid contamination of the reagent solutions.
- The biotinylated anti-vimentin antibody contains sodium azide. Contact with skin or inhalation should be avoided.

Kit Content: Reagents and Materials

Kit components	AL372HV (100 assay points***)	AL372C (500 assay points***)	AL372F (5000 assay points***)
AlphaLISA Anti-vimentin Acceptor beads stored in PBS, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.2	20 µL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	50 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	500 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)
Streptavidin (SA)-coated Donor beads stored in 25 mM HEPES, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.4	40 μL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	200 µL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	2 x 1 mL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)
Biotinylated Anti-vimentin Antibody stored in PBS, 0.1% Tween-20, 0.05% NaN ₃ , pH 7.4	20 µL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	50 μL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	500 μL @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)
Vimentin Analyte	100 µL @ 10 µg/mL (1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap)	100 µL @ 10 µg/mL (1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap)	100 µL @ 10 µg/mL (1 tube, <u>clear</u> cap)
AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (10X)	2 mL, 1 small bottle	10 mL, 1 medium bottle	100 mL, 1 large bottle

- * Reconstitute lyophilized analyte in 100 µL Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O. The reconstituted analyte should be used within 60 minutes or aliquoted into screw-capped polypropylene vials and stored at -20°C for future experiments. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. One vial contains an amount of analyte sufficient for performing 10 standard curves. Additional vials can be ordered separately (cat # AL372S).
- ** Extra buffer can be ordered separately (cat # AL000C: 10 mL, cat # AL000F: 100 mL).
- *** The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 100 μL in 96-well plates or 50 μL in 96- or 384-well assay plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations.

Sodium azide should **not** be added to the stock reagents. High concentrations of sodium azide (> 0.001 % final in the assay) might decrease the AlphaLISA signal. Note that sodium azide from the Biotinylated Antibody stock solution will not interfere with the AlphaLISA signal (0.0001% final in the assay).

Specific additional required reagents and materials:

The following materials are recommended:

ltem	Suggested source	Catalog #
TopSeal [™] -A Plus Adhesive Sealing Film	Revvity Inc.	6050185
EnVision [®] -Alpha Reader	Revvity Inc.	-

Recommendations

- The volume indicated on each tube is guaranteed for single pipetting. Multiple pipetting of the reagents may reduce the theoretical amount left in the tube. To minimize loss when pipetting beads, it is preferable not to pre-wet the tip.
- Centrifuge all tubes (including lyophilized analyte) before use to improve recovery of content (2000g, 10-15 sec). Re-suspend all reagents by vortexing before use.
- Use Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O (18 MΩ•cm) to dilute 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer and to reconstitute the lyophilized analyte.
- When diluting the standard or samples, <u>change tips</u> between each standard or sample dilution. When loading
 reagents in the assay microplate, <u>change tips</u> between each standard or sample addition and after each set
 of reagents.
- When reagents are added to the microplate, make sure the liquids are at the bottom of the well.
- Small volumes may be prone to evaporation. It is recommended to cover microplates with TopSeal-A Adhesive Sealing Films to reduce evaporation during incubation. Microplates can be read with the TopSeal-A Film.
- The AlphaLISA signal is detected with an EnVision Multilabel Reader equipped with the Alpha option using the AlphaScreen standard settings (e.g. Total Measurement Time: 550 ms, Laser 680 nm Excitation Time: 180 ms, Mirror: D640as, Emission Filter: M570w, Center Wavelength 570 nm, Bandwidth 100 nm, Transmittance 75%).
- AlphaLISA signal will vary with temperature and incubation time. For consistent results, identical incubation times and temperature should be used for each plate.
- The standard curves shown in this technical data sheet are provided for information only. A standard curve must be generated for each experiment.

Assay Procedure

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THE RECOMMENDATIONS BELOW BEFORE USE

- The manual described below is an example for generating one standard curve in a 50 µL final assay volume (48 wells, triplicate determinations). The manuals also include testing samples in 452 wells. If a different amount of samples are tested, <u>the volumes of all reagents have to be adjusted accordingly</u>, as shown in the <u>table below</u>. These calculations do not include excess reagent to account for losses during transfer of solutions or dead volumes.
- The standard dilution manual is provided for information only. As needed, the number of replicates or the range of concentrations covered can be modified.
- Use of four background points in triplicate (12 wells) is recommended when LDL/LLOQ is calculated. One background point in triplicate (3 wells) can be used when LDL/LLOQ is not calculated.

				Volume		
Format	# of data points	Final	Sample	MIX AlphaLISA AccBeads + biotinylated Ab	SA-Donor beads	Plate recommendation
AL372HV	100	100 µL	10 µL	10 µL	80 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
	250	100 µL	10 µL	10 µL	80 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
AL372C	500	50 µL	5 µL	5 µL	40 µL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate [™] -384 (cat # 6005350)
	1 250	20 µL	2 µL	2 µL	16 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate [™] -384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	2 500	10 µL	1 µL	1 µL	8 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)
5	5 000	50 µL	5 µL	5 µL	40 µL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350)
AL372F	12 500	20 µL	2 µL	2 µL	16 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate-384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	25 000	10 µL	1 µL	1 µL	8 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)

2 Steps Manual (high concentration) described below is for 500 assay points including one standard curve (48 wells) and samples (452 wells). If a different amount of samples are tested, <u>the volumes of all reagents have</u> to be adjusted accordingly.

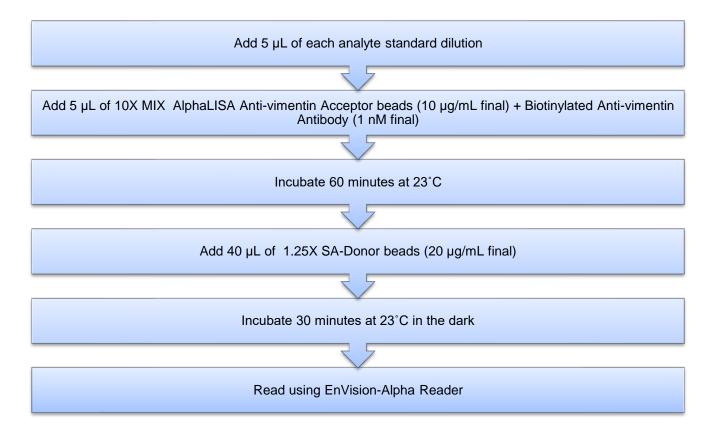
- 1) <u>Preparation of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer</u>: Add 5 mL of 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer to 45 mL Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O.
- 2) Preparation of vimentin analyte standard dilutions:
 - a. Warm analyte tube to room temperature.
 - b. Prepare standard dilutions as follows in 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (change tip between each standard dilution):

Tube	Vol. of	Vol. of	[vimentin] in s	standard curve
	vimentin (μL)	diluent (µL) *	(g/mL in 5 μL)	(pg/mL in 5 µL)
A	10 µL of reconstituted vimentin	90	1.00E-06	1 000 000
В	60 μL of tube A	120	3.00E-07	300 000
С	60 μL of tube B	140	1.00E-07	100 000
D	60 µL of tube C	120	3.00E-08	30 000
E	60 µL of tube D	140	1.00E-08	10 000
F	60 µL of tube E	120	3.00E-09	3 000
G	60 μL of tube F	140	1.00E-09	1 000
Н	60 μL of tube G	120	3.00E-10	300
I	60 µL of tube H	140	1.00E-10	100
J	60 μL of tube I	120	3.00E-11	30
К	60 μL of tube J	140	1.00E-11	10
L	60 µL of tube K	120	3.00E-12	3
M ** (background)	0	100	0	0
N ** (background)	0	100	0	0
O ** (background)	0	100	0	0
P ** (background)	0	100	0	0

* Dilute standards in diluent (e.g. 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer). At low concentrations of analyte, a significant amount of analyte can bind to the vial. Therefore, load the analyte standard dilutions in the assay microplate within 60 minutes of preparation.

- ** Four background points in triplicate (12 wells) are used when LDL is calculated. If LDL does not need to be calculated, one background point in triplicate can be used (3 wells).
- 3) <u>Preparation of 10X MIX Anti-vimentin AlphaLISA Acceptor beads (100 µg/mL) + biotinylated Anti-vimentin antibody (10 nM):</u>
 - a. Prepare just before use.
 - b. Add 50 μ L Anti-vimentin Acceptor beads and 50 μ L of 500 nM biotinylated Anti-vimentin antibody to 2 400 μ l of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer
- 4) Preparation of 2X Streptavidin (SA) Donor beads (25 µg/mL):
 - a. Prepare just before use.
 - b. Keep the beads under subdued laboratory lighting.
 - c. Add 200 μL of 5 mg/mL SA-Donor beads to 19 800 μL of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

5) In a white Optiplate (384 wells):



Data Analysis

- Calculate the average count value for the background wells.
- Generate a standard curve by plotting the AlphaLISA counts versus the concentration of analyte. A log scale can be used for either or both axes. No additional data transformation is required.
- Analyze data according to a nonlinear regression using the 4-parameter logistic equation (sigmoidal dose-response curve with variable slope) and a 1/Y² data weighting (the values at maximal concentrations of analyte after the hook point should be removed for correct analysis).
- The LDL is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 3 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (3xSD)) on the standard curve.
- The LLOQ as measured here is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 10 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (10xSD)) on the standard curve. Alternatively, the true LLOQ can be determined by spiking known concentrations of analyte in the matrix and measuring the percent recovery, and then determining the minimal amount of spiked analyte that can be quantified within a given limit (usually +/- 20% or 30% of the real concentration).
- Read from the standard curve the concentration of analyte contained in the samples.
- If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Assay Performance Characteristics

AlphaLISA assay performance described below was determined using the 2 steps manual using AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (IAB) as assay buffer. The analytes (standards) were prepared in IAB, DMEM, RPMI, 10% FBS, 100% FBS or AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer, and all other components were prepared in IAB.

Assay Sensitivity:

The LDL was calculated as described above. The values correspond to the lowest concentration of analyte that can be detected in a volume of 5 μ L sample using the recommended assay conditions.

LDL (pg/mL)*	(Analyte diluent)	# of experiments
39	IAB	6
586	DMEM	6
3155	RPMI **	6
100	IAB + 10% FBS	6
809	100% FBS	6
60	AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer	6

* Note that LDL can be decreased (i.e. sensitivity increased) by increasing the volume of analyte in the assay (e.g. use 10 µL of analyte in a final assay volume of 50 µL).

- ** Assay Performance is severely affected by RPMI. Use is not recommended
 - <u>Assay Precision:</u>

The following assay precision data were calculated from the three independent assays using two different kit lots. In each lot, the analytes were prepared in IAB, DMEM, IAB + 10% FBS, 100% FBS or AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer. All other components were prepared in IAB. Each assay consisted of one standard curve comprising 12 data points (each in triplicate) and 12 background wells (no analytes). The assays were performed in 384-well format.

• Intra-assay precision:

The intra-assay precision was determined using a total of 16 independent determinations in triplicate. Shown as CV%.

vimentin	IAB	DMEM	IAB + 10% FBS	100% FBS	AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer
CV (%)	2	7	1	6	7

• Inter-assay precision:

The inter-assay precision was determined using a total of 3 independent determinations with 9 measurements for 3 ng/mL sample. Shown as CV%.

vimentin	IAB	DMEM	IAB + 10% FBS	100% FBS	AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer
CV (%)	14	9	10	11	14

• Spike Recovery:

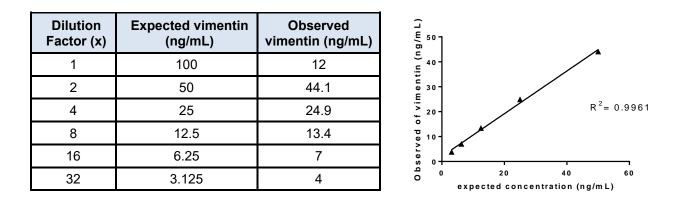
Three known concentrations of analyte were spiked into IAB, DMEM, IAB + 10% FBS, 100% FBS, or AlphaLISA lysis buffer. All samples, including non-spiked diluents were measured in the assay. Note that the analytes for the respective standard curves were prepared in IAB, DMEM, 10% FBS, 100% FBS, or AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer. All other assay components were diluted in IAB.

Spiked	% Recovery					
vimentin (ng/mL)	IAB	DMEM	IAB + 10% FBS	100% FBS	AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer	
100	123	105	117	90	88	
10	112	99	109	96	94	
1	111	115	116	100	134	

Human Serum Experiments

• Dilution Linearity

Neat Normal Human Serum and vimentin-spiked (30 ng/mL) normal Human Serum samples were diluted with 100% FBS and the assay was performed along with a standard curve using the analyte prepared in 100% FBS. Concentrations of vimentin in diluted human serum were determined by interpolating to the standard curve. Excellent dilution linearity ($R^2 = 0.996$) was achieved in the vimentin-spiked human serum samples that was diluted ≥ 2 fold. The results are shown in table and figure below.



• Spike Recovery

Three known amounts of vimentin were spiked into Normal Human Serum (30, 10, and 3 ng/mL vimentin in spiked samples) and then the samples were diluted 2-fold into 100% FBS. The standard was prepared in FBS and all other reagents were prepared in IAB. The spike recoveries of vimentin were determined and the results are shown in table below. *Recoveries were calculated after the endogenous vimentin level was subtracted (in this case, 3.2 ng/mL in normal human serum). Excellent recovery was achieved for all three spikes tested.

	Diluent: 100%FBS			
	Spiked sample (Normal Human Serum)			
Spike (ng/mL)	Concentration (ng/mL)*	Recovery (%)		
No spike	0	N/A		
30	29	97		
10	12.1	121		
3	3.4	113		

Cell Lysate Experiments

Dilution Linearity

To validate the assay kit, HeLa cells were tested for amounts of vimentin per cell. The cells were plated in a 96 well plate and incubated overnight in 100 μ L of RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS. The cells were then washed twice with PBS and incubated 30 minutes with 50 μ L of AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer. 5 μ L of lysate were transferred to a 384 well plate and analyzed with the vimentin assay described above, with all dilutions of the standard curve performed in AlphaLISA Lysis Buffer.

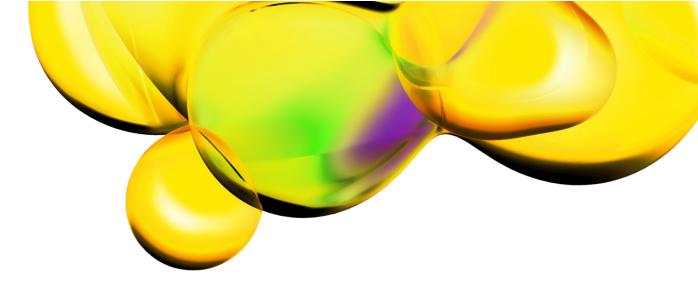
Cell number	vimentin detected in well (ng/mL)	vimentin per cell (pg)	500 - 	
10000	394.0	2	(า 400 - ยุธ 50 - ยุ 300 -	
5000	222.0	2.2	-	
2500	122.0	2.4	u 200 - u 100	R ²
1250	48.4	1.9	<u>E</u> 100 -	
625	17.8	1.6		
313	8.7	1.4	0 2500 5000	7500
0	0.1	NA	number of cells p	er well

* Volume of cells is 50µL thus concentration per ml is divided by 20 to get amounts in ng. This number is the divided by the number of cells present

Troubleshooting Guide

You will find detailed recommendations for common situations you might encounter with your AlphaLISA Assay kit at: <u>www.revvity.com</u>

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