

AlphaLISA® CTLA-4 and CD80 (Human) Binding Kit

Product number: AL3046 C/F

Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Product Information

Application: This kit is designed for the detection of binding activity between Human CTLA-4 and

CD80, using a homogeneous AlphaLISA assay (no wash steps). This assay can facilitate the design and development of antibody therapetics by using competitive binding to

CTLA-4/CD80.

Sensitivity: $K_{d(app)}$: 1.11 nM (average) using 4 nM CD80

Signal to background ratio: 387 (average) using 4 nM CD80

Kit contents: The kit contains 5 components: anti-6xHis AlphaLISA Acceptor beads, Streptavidin-

coated Donor beads, Biotinylated human CD80, His tagged human CTLA-4 and 5X

AlphaLISA Universal buffer.

Storage: The kit components must be stored at +4 °C and in the dark for the beads.

Stability: This kit is stable for at least 12 months from the manufacturing date when stored in its

original packaging and the recommended storage conditions.

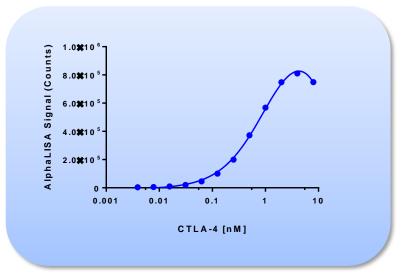


Figure 1. Typical Binding curve (4 nM of CD80) in AlphaLISA Universal Buffer. The data was generated using a white Optiplate™-384 microplate and the EnVision® Multilabel Plate Reader 2103 with Alpha option.

Analyte of Interest

Human Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 (CTLA-4), also known as CD152 (cluster of differentiation 152), is a cell membrane receptor and a member of immunoglobulin superfamily. CTLA-4 is expressed once a T cell becomes active and modulates T cell signals by blocking the CD80 (B7.1) and CD86 (B7.2) ligands from binding to CD28. CTLA-4, functioning as an immune checkpoint, downregulates T cell immune responses. Because of its profound inhibitory role blocking CTLA-4 and CD80 or CD86 binding has been considered as promising therapeutic target for human autoimmune disease and cancers.

Description of the AlphaLISA Assay

AlphaLISA technology allows the detection of molecules of interest in buffer, cell culture media, serum and plasma in a highly sensitive, quantitative, reproducible and user-friendly mode. In an AlphaLISA assay, a biotinylated CD80 binds to the Streptavidin-coated Alpha Donor beads, while His tagged CTLA-4 is captured by Anti-His AlphaLISA Acceptor beads. When CD80 binding to CTLA-4 happens, Donor beads and Acceptor beads come into close proximity. The excitation of the Donor beads provokes the release of singlet oxygen molecules that triggers a cascade of energy transfer in the Acceptor beads, resulting in a sharp peak of light emission at 615 nm (Figure 2).

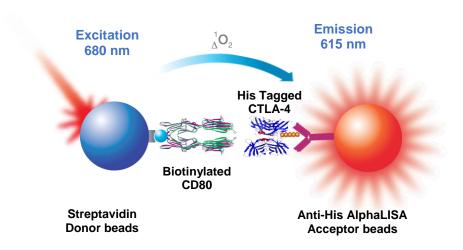


Figure 2. AlphaLISA Assay Principle.

Precautions

- The Alpha Donor beads are light-sensitive. All the other assay reagents can be used under normal light conditions. All Alpha assays using the Donor beads should be performed under subdued laboratory lighting (< 100 lux). Green filters (LEE 090 filters (preferred) or Roscolux filters #389 from Rosco) can be applied to light fixtures.
- The Biotinylated sample contains sodium azide. Contact with skin or inhalation should be avoided.

Kit Content: Reagents and Materials

Kit components	AL3046C (500 assay points)***	AL3046F (5000 assay points)***
Anti-6xHis AlphaLISA Acceptor	40 μL @ 5 mg/mL	200 μL @ 5 mg/mL
beads stored in PBS, 0.05% Kathon,	(1 brown tube,	(1 brown tube,
pH 7.2	<u>white</u> cap)	<u>white</u> cap)
Streptavidin (SA)-coated Donor	40 μL @ 5 mg/mL	200 μL @ 5 mg/mL
beads stored in 25 mM HEPES, 100	(1 brown tube,	(1 brown tube,
mM NaCl, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.4	<u>black</u> cap)	<u>black</u> cap)
Lyophilized Human CTLA-4 (His tagged)*	1.28 μg, lyophilized (2 tubes, <u>clear</u> caps)	1.28 µg, lyophilized (7 tubes, <u>clear</u> caps)
Lyophilized Human CD80	2.525 μg, lyophilized	2.525 µg, lyophilized
(Biotinylated)*	(1 tubes, <u>clear</u> cap)	(4 tubes, <u>clear</u> caps)
AlphaLISA Universal Buffer (5X)**	10 mL, 1 small bottle	100 mL, 1 large bottle

- * Reconstitute CTLA-4 and CD80 in 100 μL Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O respectively. The reconstituted proteins should be used within 60 minutes or aliquoted into screw-capped polypropylene vials and stored at -20°C for further experiments. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
- ** Extra buffer can be ordered separately (cat # AL001C: 10 mL, cat # AL001F: 100 mL).
- *** The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 40 μL in 96- or 384-well assay plates or 20 μL in 384 well plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations.

Sodium azide should **not** be added to the stock reagents. High concentrations of sodium azide (> 0.001 % final in the assay) might decrease the AlphaLISA signal. Note that sodium azide from the Biotinylated Antibody stock solution will not interfere with the AlphaLISA signal (0.0001% final in the assay).

Specific additional required reagents and materials:

The following materials are recommended:

Item	Suggested source	Catalog #
TopSeal™-A Adhesive Sealing Film	Revvity Inc.	6050185
EnVision®-Alpha Reader	Revvity Inc.	-

The following reagents might be required for particular applications:

Item	Supplier	Catalog number
Anti-human CTLA-4 neutralizing antibody	BPS Biosystems	71212
Anti-human CD80 antibody	R&D Systems	MAB140
Anti-human CD86 antibody	R&D Systems	MAB141

Recommendations

- The volume indicated on each tube is guaranteed for single pipetting. Multiple pipetting of the reagents may reduce the theoretical amount left in the tube. To minimize loss when pipetting beads, it is preferable not to pre-wet the tip.
- Centrifuge all tubes (including lyophilized analyte) before use to improve recovery of content (2000g, 10-15 sec).
 Re-suspend the beads by vortexing before use. Do not vortex the proteins.
- Use Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O (18 MΩ•cm) to dilute 5X AlphaLISA Universal Buffer and to reconstitute the lyophilized proteins.
- When reagents are added to the microplate, make sure the liquids are at the bottom of the well by briefly centrifuging the plate (1000g, 10-15 sec) after adding samples.
- Small volumes may be prone to evaporation. It is recommended to cover microplates with TopSeal-A
 Adhesive Sealing Films to reduce evaporation during incubation. Microplates can be read with the
 TopSeal-A Film.
- The AlphaLISA signal is detected with an EnVision Multilabel Reader equipped with the Alpha option using the AlphaScreen standard settings (e.g. Total Measurement Time: 550 ms, Laser 680 nm Excitation Time: 180 ms, Mirror: D640as, Emission Filter: M570w, Center Wavelength 570 nm, Bandwidth 100 nm, Transmittance 75%).
- AlphaLISA signal will vary with temperature and incubation time. For consistent results, identical incubation times and temperature should be used for each plate.

Antibody Inhibitory Assay Procedure

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THE RECOMMENDATIONS BELOW BEFORE USE

- The protocol described below is an **example** for generating three inhibition curves in a 40 µL final assay volume (117 wells, triplicate determinations). If a different amount of samples are tested, the volumes of all reagents have to be adjusted accordingly, as shown in the table below. These calculations do not include excess reagent to account for losses during transfer of solutions or dead volumes.
- The dilution protocol is provided for information only. As needed, the number of replicates or the range of concentrations covered can be modified.

			Volume				
Format	# of data points	Final	Inhibitor Or Antibody	His Tag CTLA-4	Biotinylated CD80	Mix of SA-Donor beads and anti His Acceptor beads	Plate recommendation
	200	100 μL	25 μL	25 μL	25 μL	25 μL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
AL3046C	500	40 μL	10 μL	10 µL	10 μL	10 μL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate™-384 (cat # 6005350)
	1 000	20 µL	5 μL	5 μL	5 µL	5 μL	ProxiPlate™-384 Plus (cat # 6008280)
	2 000	10 μL	2.5 µL	2.5 μL	2.5 μL	2.5 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate- 1536 (cat # 6004350)
AL3046F	5 000	20 μL	5 μL	5 µL	5 μL	5 μL	ProxiPlate-384 Plus (cat # 6008280)
	10 000	10 μL	2.5 µL	2.5 µL	2.5 μL	2.5 μL	Light gray AlphaPlate- 1536 (cat # 6004350)

One Incubation Step Protocol described as below:

- 1) <u>Preparation of 1X AlphaLISA Universal Buffer (for 10 mL)</u>: Add 2 mL of 10X AlphaLISA Universal Buffer to 8 mL H₂O.
- 2) Preparation of serial dilutions of 4X antibody in 1x Universal buffer as follows:

Tube	Volume of Antibody	Volume of 1X buffer	[Ab] (g/mL) (4X)	[Ab] (□g/mL) (1X)
Α	0.12 mg/mL stock	0	1.20E-04	30
В	30 μL of tube A	60 µL	4.00E-05	10
С	30 μL of tube B	70 µL	1.20E-05	3
D	30 μL of tube C	60 µL	4.00E-06	1
Е	30 μL of tube D	70 µL	1.20E-06	0.3
F	30 μL of tube E	60 µL	4.00E-07	0.1
G	30 μL of tube F	70 µL	1.20E-07	0.03
Н	30 μL of tube G	60 µL	4.00E-08	0.01
I	30 μL of tube H	70 µL	1.20E-08	0.003
J	30 μL of tube I	60 µL	4.00E-09	0.001
K	30 μL of tube J	70 μL	1.20E-09	0.0003
L	30 μL of tube K	60 µL	4.00E-10	0.0001
М	0	100 μL	0	0

3) Preparation of 4X His tagged CTLA-4 (8 nM):

- a. Reconstitute lyophilized CTLA-4 (1.28 μg) in 100 μL H₂O to make 320 nM CTLA-4
- b. Add 30 μL of 320 nM CTLA-4 to 1170 μL 1X Universal buffer.

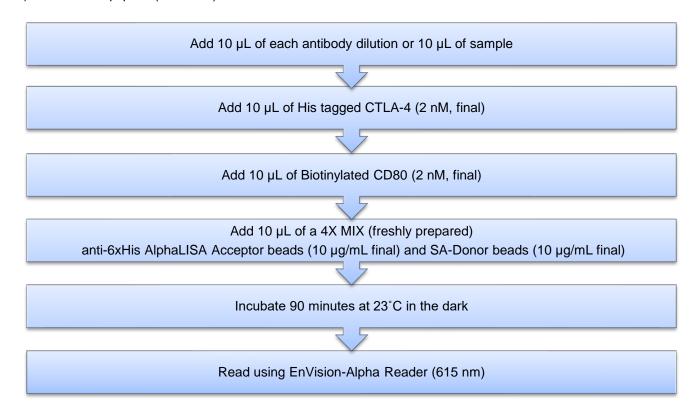
4) Preparation of 4X biotinylated CD80 (8 nM):

- a. Reconstitute lyophilized CD80 (2.525 μg) in 100 μL H₂O to make 500 nM CD80
- b. Add 19.2 μL of 500 nM CD80 to 1180.8 μL 1X Universal buffer.

5) Preparation of the mix of 4X Anti-6xHis AlphaLISA Acceptor beads (40 μg/mL) and 4X Streptavidin (SA) Donor beads (40 μg/mL):

- a. Keep the beads under subdued laboratory lighting.
- b. Add 9.6 µL of 5 mg/mL Anti-6xHis AlphaLISA Acceptor beads and 9.6 □L of 5 mg/mL SA-Donor beads to 1180.8 µL of 1X AlphaLISA Universal Buffer
- c. Prepare just before use.

6) In a white Optiplate (384 wells):



Read Settings: AlphaLISA signal is detected using an EnVision Multilabel Reader equipped with the Alpha option using the following settings: Total Measurement Time: 550 ms, Laser: 680 nm, Excitation Time: 180 ms, Mirror: 640as (Barcode# 444), Emission Filter: Wavelength 570nm, bandwidth: 100nm, Transmittance 75%, (Barcode# 244).

Typical Inhibition Data:

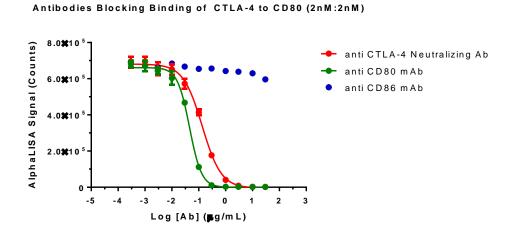


Figure 3. Antibodies blocking binding of CTLA-4 to CD80. Blue points showed anti-CD86 antibody as a negative control. The IC_{50} values are 135 and 45.5 ng/mL for anti-CTLA-4 neutralizing antibody (red points) and anti-CD80 monoclonal antibody (green points) respectively and were calculated by using nonlinear regression fitting with GraphPad Prism 5.

Troubleshooting Guide

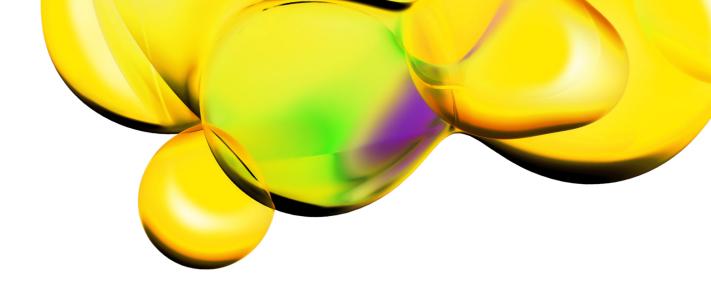
You will find below recommendations for common situations that you might encounter with your AlphaLISA Epigenetics detection assay. If further assistance is needed, do not hesitate to contact our technical support team for assistance.

Issue	Recommendations and Comments
High background signal	 Buffer is not freshly made. Make new. Incubation time is longer than recommended range.
Low AlphaLISA signal	Optimize EnVision with Plate format.
High variation between replicates or low Z' values	 Make sure that reagents are at the bottom of the well by tapping or swirling the plate gently on a smooth surface after each addition.

Troubleshooting Guide

You will find detailed recommendations for common situations you might encounter with your AlphaLISA Assay kit at: http://www.revvity.com

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