human Neurotensin Receptor 2 (NTS_2) Cell Line

Product No.: ES-691-C

Lot No.: 3318354

Material Provided

Cells:	2 x 1 mL frozen aliquot (ES-691-CV)
Format:	~2.5 x 10^6 cells /mL in freezing medium

Product Information

Cellular Background:	1321N1
Cell Line Development:	Our proprietary bicistronic expression plasmid containing the sequence coding for the human Neurotensin Receptor 2 (NTS_2) was transfected in 1321N1 cells. Geneticin-resistant clones were obtained by limit dilution and compared for their response to a reference agonist in a radioligand binding assay.
DNA Sequence:	Identical to coding sequence of GenBank NM_012344.3.
Corresponding Protein Sequence:	Identical to GenBank NP_036476.1.
Receptor expression level (B_{max}):	Estimated to be 1.36 ± 0.76 pmol/mg protein, using [^{3}H]-Neurotensin
K_d for the above radioligand:	11.5 ± 5.6 nM
Shipping Conditions:	Shipped on dry ice. Please ensure dry ice is still present in the package upon receipt or contact customer support.
Storage Conditions:	Store in liquid nitrogen (vapor phase) immediately upon receipt.

Quality Control

The B_{max} and K_d for the reference radioligand were determined in saturation binding assay read on a TopCount® instrument. A mycoplasma test was performed using MycoAlert® (Lonza) mycoplasma detection kit. We certify that these results meet our quality release criteria.

[^{3}H]-Neurotensin (B_{max}, K_d):	1.9 pmol/mg protein, 0.5 nM
Stability:	Cells were kept in continuous culture for at least 60 days and showed no decrease of receptor expression level in a saturation binding assay (stable B_{max} and K_d).
Mycoplasma:	This cell line tested negative for mycoplasma.

Assay Procedures

We have shown for many of our GPCR cell lines that freshly thawed cells respond with the same pharmacology as cultured cells. All of our products validated in this way are available as frozen ready-to-use cells in our catalogue. This demonstrates that cells can be prepared and frozen in advance of a screening campaign simplifying assay logistics.

Recommended Cell Culture Conditions (1321N1)

- The recommended media catalogue number and supplier reference information are listed in this Product Technical Data Sheet (last page). Media composition is specifically defined for each cell type and receptor expression selection. The use of incorrect media or component substitutions can lead to reduced cell viability, growth issues and/or altered receptor expression.
- Cells undergo major stress upon thawing, and need to adapt to their new environment which may initially affect cell adherence and growth rates. The initial recovery of the cells, and initial doubling time, will vary from laboratory to laboratory, reflecting differences in the origin of culture media and serum, and differences in methodology used within each laboratory.
- For the initial period of cell growth (i.e. until cells have reached Log-phase, typically 4-10 days), we strongly recommend removal of the antibiotics (G418, Zeocin™, Puromycin, Blasticidin, Hygromycin, Penicillin and Streptomycin) from the culture media. Immediately after thawing, cells may be more permeable to antibiotics, and a higher intracellular antibiotic concentration may result as a consequence. Antibiotics should be re-introduced when cells have recovered from the thawing stress.

Growth Medium:	DMEM, 10% FBS, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, 0.5 mg/ml Geneticin (receptor expression selection).
Freezing Medium:	DMEM, 10% FBS, 1 mM sodium pyruvate with 10% DMSO, without selection agents.

Thawing Cells: Using appropriate personal protective equipment, rapidly place the frozen aliquot in a 37°C water bath (do not submerge) and agitate until its content is thawed completely. Immediately remove from water bath, spray aliquot with 70% ethanol and wipe excess. Under aseptic conditions using a sterile pipette, transfer content to a sterile centrifuge tube containing 10 mL growth medium without antibiotics, pre-warmed at 37°C, and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in 10 mL of pre-warmed growth medium without antibiotics by pipetting up and down to break up any clumps, and transfer to an appropriate culture flask (e.g. T-25, T-75 or T-175, see recommended seeding density below). Cells are cultured as a monolayer at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO_2.

Recommended Seeding Density:	Thawing:	30,000 – 35,000 cells/cm^2
	Log-phase:	19,000 – 23,000 cells/cm^2

Troubleshooting: Initial doubling time can vary between 18 and 96 hours (Average = 25 hours). If cells are still not adhering after 48 hours or grow very slowly, we recommend maintaining the cells in culture and not replacing the media before 5-6 days (cells secrete factors that can help with adherence and growth). If confluence is still <50% after 5-6 days, it is recommended that you replace the media with fresh media (without antibiotics). Do not passage the cells until they reach 80-90% confluence (Log-phase). If cells have not recovered after 10-12 days, please contact our Technical Support.

Culture Protocol: Under aseptic conditions, cells are grown to 80% confluence (Log-phase) and trypsinized (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS). See recommended seeding density for Log-phase above.

Banking Protocol: Cells are grown to 70-80% confluence (Log-phase). Under aseptic conditions, remove medium and rinse the flask with an appropriate volume of calcium and magnesium-free PBS (example 10 mL for T-175). Trypsinize (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS) to detach cells (example 5 mL for T-175), let stand 5-10 min at 37°C. Add fresh, room temperature growth medium (without antibiotics) to stop trypsinization and dilute EDTA (example 10 mL for T-175). Transfer cells to a sterile centrifuge tube and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in ice-cold freezing medium by pipetting up and down to break up any clumps. Count cells and rapidly aliquot at the selected cell density (e.g. 2.5 x 10^6 cells/mL) in sterile polypropylene cryovials. Use appropriate material to ensure slow cooling (about -1°C/min) until -70°C. Transfer vials into a liquid nitrogen tank (vapor phase) for storage.

Typical Product Data –Radioligand Binding Assay (Filtration)

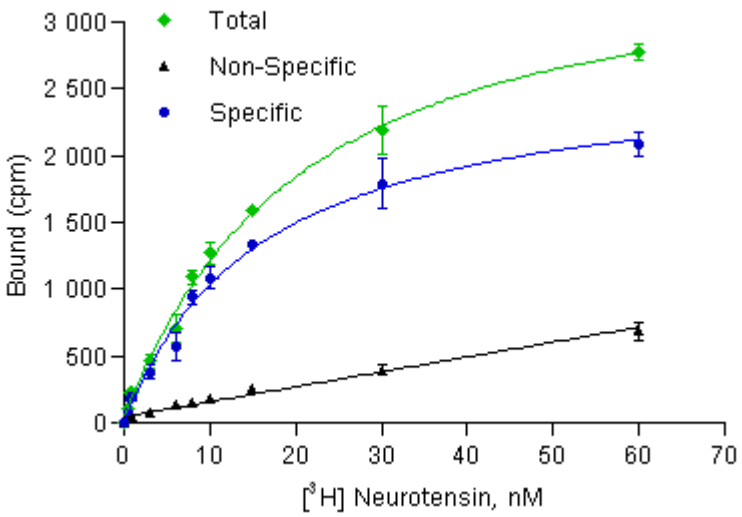
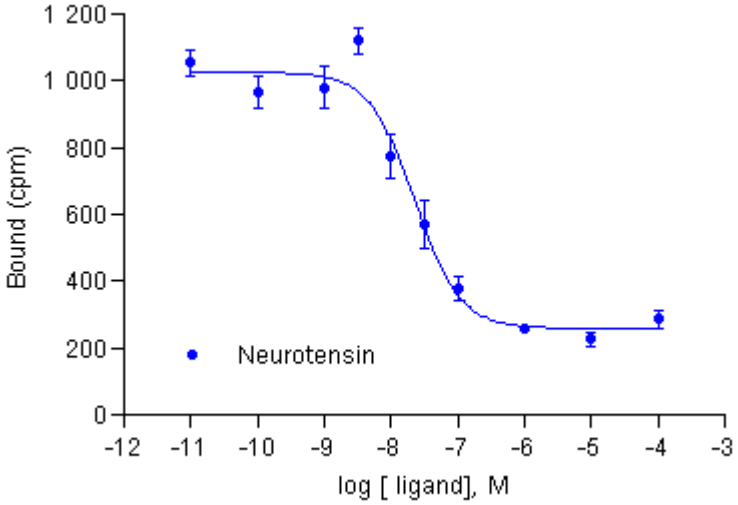


Figure 1: Saturation Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)
A saturation binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 20 µg membranes/well. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.



Agonist / Antagonist	IC_{50} (M)
Neurotensin	2.2×10^{-8}

Figure 2: Competition Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)
A competition binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 20 µg membranes/well. Displacement of 10 nM [^{3}H]-Neurotensin was used. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.

Membrane Radioligand Binding Assay Procedure (Filtration)

Note: The following are recommended assay conditions and may differ from the conditions used to generate the typical data shown in the above section.

Assay Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4 at 27°C

Wash Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4

Radioligand: [^{3}H]-Neurotensin (Revvity # NET605)

Filters: Unifilter 96 GF/C (Revvity # 6055690)

Membrane Binding Protocol:

Binding assays were performed in 550 µL total volume according to the following conditions. All dilutions are performed in assay buffer:

1. Membrane dilution:	20 µg of membranes per well, diluted in order to dispense 500µL/well. Keep on ice.
2. Assembly on ice (in 96 Deep well plate) Saturation Binding:	• 25 µL of assay buffer or of unlabeled ligand (Neurotensin, 60 µM final) for determination of non specific binding • 25 µL of radioligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 1) • 500 µL of diluted membranes
Competition Binding:	• 25 µL competitor ligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 2) • 25 µL of radioligand (10 nM final) • 500 µL of diluted membranes
3. Incubation:	30 min at 27°C.
4. Filters preparation:	GF/C filters were presoaked in 0.5 % PEI at room temperature for at least 30 min.
5. Filtration:	Aspirate and wash 9 x 500 µL with ice cold wash buffer using a FilterMate Harvester.
6. Counting:	Add 30 µL/well of MicroScint™-O (Revvity # 6013611), cover filter with a TopSeal-A PLUS (Revvity # 6050185) and read on a TopCount®.

References

1. Chalon P, Vita N, Kaghad M, Guillemot M, Bonnin J, Delpech B, Le Fur G, Ferrara P, Caput D. (1996) Molecular cloning of a levocabastine-sensitive neurotensin binding site. FEBS Lett. 386:91-4.

2. Gendron L, Perron A, Payet MD, Gallo-Payet N, Sarret P, Beaudet A. (2004) Low-affinity neurotensin receptor (NTS2) signaling: internalization-dependent activation of extracellular signal-regulated kinases 1/2. Mol Pharmacol. 66:1421-1430.

3. Hwang JI, Kim DK, Kwon HB, Vaudry H, Seong JY (2009) Phylogenetic history, pharmacological features, and signal transduction of neurotensin receptors in vertebrates Ann N Y Acad Sci. 1163:169-78

Materials and Instrumentation

The following tables provide the references of compounds and reagents used or recommended for the characterization of the human Neurotensin Receptor 2 (NTS_2) ValiScreen® cell line, as well as some advice on how to use these compounds:

Table 1. References of compounds used for functional characterization and binding assays

Name	Provider	Cat no	Working Stock Solution
Neurotensin	Bachem	H-4435	10 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA
[^{3}H]-Neurotensin	Revvity	NET605	N/A

Table 2. References of cell culture media and assay buffers

Name	Provider	Cat no
HAM's F-12	Hyclone	SH30026.02
DMEM	Hyclone	SH30022.02
Advanced DMEM/F12 (serotonin receptors)	Invitrogen	12634-010
EMEM	BioWitthaker	06-174G
EX-CELL DHFR$^-$ media (DHFR deficient cell lines)	Sigma	C8862
FBS	Wisent	80150
FBS dialyzed	Wisent	80950
G418 (geneticin)	Wisent	400-130-IG
Zeocin	Invitrogen	R25005
Blasticidin	invitrogen	R210-01
Puromycin	Wisent	400-160-EM
Standard HBSS (with $CaCl_2$ and $MgCl_2$)	GIBCO	14025
HEPES	MP Biomedicals, LLC	101926
BSA, Protease-free	Sigma	A-3059
PEI	Sigma	P3143
Trypsin-EDTA	Hyclone	SH30236.02
Sodium Pyruvate	GIBCO	11360
L-Glutamine	GIBCO	25030
NEAA (non-essential amino acids)	GIBCO	11140
Forskolin	Sigma	F6886

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