

Research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

ValiScreen® GPCR Cell Line

## human Adenosine A3 Receptor Cell Line

Product No.: ES-012-C

Lot No.: 2323632

#### Material Provided

Cells: 2 x 1 mL frozen aliquot (ES-012-CV)

Format:  $\sim 2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ cells /mL in freezing medium}$ 

**Product Information** 

Cellular Background: CHO-K1

Cell Line Development: Our proprietary bicistronic expression plasmid containing the

sequence coding for the human Adenosine  $A_3$  receptor was transfected in CHO-K1 cells. Geneticin-resistant clones were obtained by limit dilution and compared for receptor expression levels by radioligand binding assay. The clone with the highest receptor expression level was selected for characterization in

binding and functional assays.

DNA Sequence: Identical to coding sequence of GenBank L22607.1

Corresponding Protein Sequence: Identical to GenBank P33765.2

Receptor expression level (B<sub>max</sub>): Estimated to be 8.3 pmol/mg protein, using [1251]-AB-MECA

K<sub>d</sub> for the above radioligand: 4.8 nM

Shipping Conditions: Shipped on dry ice. Please ensure dry ice is still present in the

package upon receipt or contact customer support.

Storage Conditions: Store in liquid nitrogen (vapor phase) immediately upon receipt.



#### **Quality Control**

The EC<sub>50</sub> for a reference agonist was determined in LANCE<sup>®</sup> *Ultra* cAMP assay performed on EnVision<sup>®</sup> instrument. A mycoplasma test was performed using MycoAlert<sup>®</sup> (Lonza) mycoplasma detection kit. We certify that these results meet our quality release criteria.

IB-MECA (EC<sub>50</sub>): 0.32 nM

Stability: Cells were kept in continuous culture for at least 60 days and showed no

decrease in functional response (stable  $E_{max}$  and  $EC_{50}$  in cAMP assay) or in receptor expression level in a saturation binding assay (stable  $B_{max}$  and  $K_d$ ).

Mycoplasma: This cell line tested negative for mycoplasma.

### **Assay Procedures**

We have shown for many of our GPCR cell lines that freshly thawed cells respond with the same pharmacology as cultured cells. All of our products validated in this way are available as frozen ready-to-use cells in our catalogue. This demonstrates that cells can be prepared and frozen in advance of a screening campaign simplifying assay logistics.



#### Recommended Cell Culture Conditions (CHO-K1)

- The recommended media catalogue number and supplier reference information are listed in this Product Technical Data Sheet (last page). Media composition is specifically defined for each cell type and receptor expression selection. The use of incorrect media or component substitutions can lead to reduced cell viability, growth issues and/or altered receptor expression.
- Cells undergo major stress upon thawing, and need to adapt to their new environment which may initially affect
  cell adherence and growth rates. The initial recovery of the cells, and initial doubling time, will vary from
  laboratory to laboratory, reflecting differences in the origin of culture media and serum, and differences in
  methodology used within each laboratory.
- For the initial period of cell growth (i.e. until cells have reached Log-phase, typically 4-10 days), we strongly recommend removal of the antibiotics (G418, Zeocin™, Puromycin, Blasticidin, Hygromycin, Penicillin and Streptomycin) from the culture media. Immediately after thawing, cells may be more permeable to antibiotics, and a higher intracellular antibiotic concentration may result as a consequence. Antibiotics should be reintroduced when cells have recovered from the thawing stress.

Growth Medium: Ham's F-12, 10% FBS, 0.4 mg/ml G418 (receptor expression selection).

Freezing Medium: Ham's F-12, 10% FBS with 10% DMSO, without selection agents.

Thawing Cells: Using appropriate personal protective equipment, rapidly place the frozen aliquot in a  $37^{\circ}$ C water bath (do not submerge) and agitate until its content is thawed completely. Immediately remove from water bath, spray aliquot with 70% ethanol and wipe excess. Under aseptic conditions using a sterile pipette, transfer content to a sterile centrifuge tube containing 10 mL growth medium without antibiotics, pre-warmed at  $37^{\circ}$ C, and centrifuge ( $150 \times g$ ,  $5 \times g$ ). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in  $10 \times g$  for  $10 \times g$  min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in  $10 \times g$  may appropriate culture flask (e.g. T-25, T- $75 \times g$ ) or T-175, see recommended seeding density below). Cells are cultured as a monolayer at  $37^{\circ}$ C in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

Recommended Seeding Density: Thawing: 15 000 - 33 000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>

Log-phase: 11 000 - 15 000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>

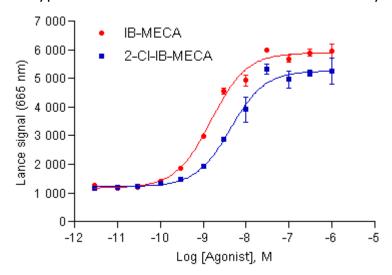
Troubleshooting: Initial doubling time can vary between 18 and 96 hours (Average = 25 hours). If cells are still not adhering after 48 hours or grow very slowly, we recommend maintaining the cells in culture and not replacing the media before 5-6 days (cells secrete factors that can help with adherence and growth). If confluence is still <50% after 5-6 days, it is recommended that you replace the media with fresh media (without antibiotics). Do not passage the cells until they reach 80-90% confluence (Log-phase). If cells have not recovered after 10-12 days, please contact our Technical Support.

Culture Protocol: Under aseptic conditions, cells are grown to 80% confluence (Log-phase) and trypsinized (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS). See recommended seeding density for Log-phase above.

Banking Protocol: Cells are grown to 70-80% confluence (Log-phase). Under aseptic conditions, remove medium and rinse the flask with an appropriate volume of calcium and magnesium-free PBS (example 10 mL for T-175). Trypsinize (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS) to detach cells (example 5 mL for T-175), let stand 5-10 min at 37°C. Add fresh, room temperature growth medium (without antibiotics) to stop trypsinization and dilute EDTA (example 10 mL for T-175). Transfer cells to a sterile centrifuge tube and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in ice-cold freezing medium by pipetting up and down to break up any clumps. Count cells and rapidly aliquot at the selected cell density (e.g. 2.5 x  $10^6$  cells/mL) in sterile polypropylene cryovials. Use appropriate material to ensure slow cooling (about -1°C/min) until -70°C. Transfer vials into a liquid nitrogen tank (vapor phase) for storage.



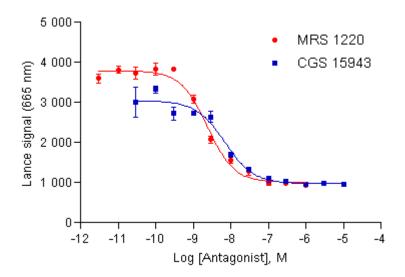
## Typical Product Data -LANCE® Ultra cAMP Assay



| Agonist      | EC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|--------------|------------------------|
| IB-MECA      | 1.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |
| 2-CI-IB-MECA | 4.3 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |

Figure 1. Agonist Response in LANCE® Ultra cAMP assay

An agonist dose-response experiment was performed in 384-well format using 2500 cells/well. Cells were incubated for 30-min with 10  $\mu$ M Forskolin (FK) and the indicated agonist concentrations. Time-resolved fluorescence was measured on an EnVision® (Laser mode). Data from a representative experiment are shown.



| Antagonist | IC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|------------|------------------------|
| MRS 1220   | 2.4 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |
| CGS 15943  | 7.0 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |

Figure 2. Antagonist Response in LANCE® Ultra cAMP assay

An antagonist dose-response experiment was performed in 384-well format using 2500 cells/well. Cells were incubated for 30-min in the presence of 10  $\mu$ M Forskolin (FK), a final concentration of 5 nM IB-MECA, corresponding to the EC<sub>80</sub> concentration, and the indicated antagonist concentrations. Time-resolved fluorescence was measured on an EnVision® (Laser mode). Data from a representative experiment are shown.

# revvity

Typical Product Data -Radioligand Binding Assay (Filtration)

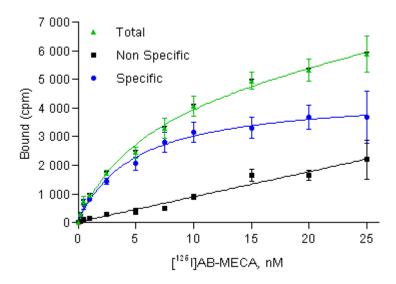
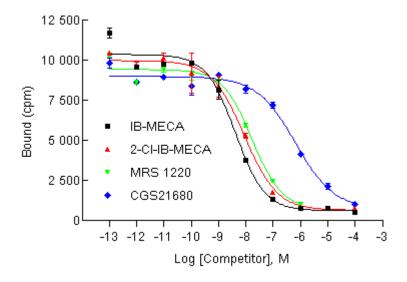


Figure 3: Saturation Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)
A saturation binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 2 µg membranes/well. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.

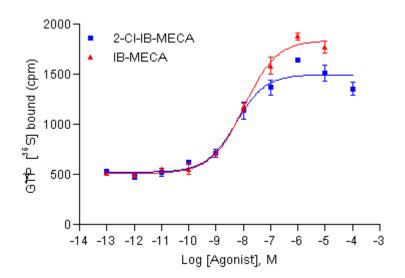


| Agonist / Antagonist | IC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| IB-MECA              | 4.2 X10 <sup>-9</sup>  |
| 2-CI-IB-MECA         | 8.8 X 10 <sup>-9</sup> |
| MRS 1220             | 1.7 X 10 <sup>-8</sup> |
| CGS 21680            | 6.5 X 10 <sup>-7</sup> |

Figure 4: Competition Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)
A competition binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 2 µg membranes/well. Displacement of 0.75 nM [1251]AB-MECA was used. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.



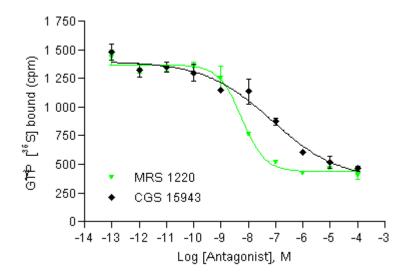
## Typical Product Data - GTPγS - SPA® Assay



| Agonist      | EC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 2-CI-IB-MECA | 5.3 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |
| IB-MECA      | 1.1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> |

Figure 5. Agonist Response in GTPγS - SPA® assay

An agonist dose-response scintillation proximity assay (SPA) was performed in 96-well format using 4 µg membranes/well. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.



| Antagonist | IC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|------------|------------------------|
| MRS 1220   | 5.8 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> |
| CGS 15943  | 7.4 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> |

Figure 6. Antagonist Response in GTPγS - SPA® assay

An antagonist dose-response scintillation proximity assay (SPA) was performed in 96-well format using 4  $\mu g$  membranes/well. The reference agonist (2-Cl-IB-MECA) at a concentration corresponding to the EC<sub>80</sub> (300 nM) was used. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount $^{\circ}$  instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.



#### LANCE® Ultra cAMP Assay Procedure

• As IBMX has antagonist activity to some adenosine receptors (Jockers *et al.* 1994), rolipram was used here instead for the inhibition of cAMP degradation by phosphodiesterases.

Stimulation Buffer: HBSS, 5 mM HEPES, 0.1 % Protease-free BSA, 25 µM Rolipram, pH 7.4.

Cells/well: 2500 cells/well. For compounds not tested herein we recommend titrating the cells

for optimal performance, i.e. 500-3000 cells per assay point.

cAMP measurements can be performed with the LANCE® *Ultra* cAMP 384 Kit (Revvity # TRF0262), according to the manufacturer instructions. Briefly:

Protocols for a 384-well white Optiplate (total assay volume of 20 µL):

| cAMP<br>Standard curve  | G <sub>s</sub> Agonist  | G <sub>s</sub> Antagonist | G <sub>i</sub> Forskolin<br>titration | G <sub>i</sub> Agonist  | G <sub>i</sub> Antagonist   |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 5 μL cAMP<br>Standard   | 5 µL cell<br>suspension | 5 µL cell<br>suspension   | 5 µL cell<br>suspension               | 5 µL cell<br>suspension | 5 μL cell<br>suspension     |
| 5 μL<br>Stimulation<br>Buffer   | 5 μL Agonist            | 2.5 µL<br>Antagonist      | 5 μL Forskolin                        | 2.5 µL<br>Agonist       | 2.5 µL Antagonist           |
| -   | -                       | 2.5 µL Agonist            | -                                     | 2.5 µL<br>Forskolin     | 2.5 µL<br>Forskolin/Agonist |
| Incubate 30 min at room temperature (optional step for cAMP Standard curve) |                         |                           |                                       |                         |                             |
| 5 μL 4X Eu-cAMP Tracer Working Solution                                     |                         |                           |                                       |                         |                             |
| 5 μL 4X U <i>Light</i> -anti-cAMP Working Solution                          |                         |                           |                                       |                         |                             |
| Incubate 1 h at room temperature  |                         |                           |                                       |                         |                             |
| Read on an EnVision® instrument. Remove microplate seal prior to reading    |                         |                           |                                       |                         |                             |

- 1. Cells in mid-log phase, grown in media without antibiotics for 18 hours prior to the experiment, are detached by gentle flushing with PBS-EDTA, recovered by centrifugation and resuspended in stimulation buffer e.g. at the concentration of  $6.0 \times 10^5$  cells/mL (for 3000 cells/well).
- 2. Prepare the 4X Tracer Working Solution by making a 1/50 dilution of the Eu-cAMP stock solution in the cAMP Detection Buffer.
- 3. Prepare an ULight-anti-cAMP Intermediate Solution by making a 1/10 dilution of the ULight-anti-cAMP stock solution in cAMP Detection Buffer. Prepare the 4X ULight-anti-cAMP Working Solution by making a 1/30 dilution of the ULight-anti-cAMP intermediate solution in the cAMP Detection Buffer.

#### Notes:

For 96- and 1536-well formats, adjust proportionally the volume of each assay component in order to maintain the volume ratios for the 384-well format. Do not modify the Eu-cAMP and/or the ULight-anti-cAMP concentrations.



## Membrane Radioligand Binding Assay Procedure (Filtration)

Note: The following are recommended assay conditions and may differ from the conditions used to generate the typical data shown in the above section.

Assay Buffer: 25 mM Hepes pH 7.4, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.5% BSA

Wash Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4 (ice cold)

Radioligand: [125I]-AB-MECA (Revvity # NEX312)

Filters: Unifilter 96 GF/C (Revvity # 6055690)

Membrane Binding Protocol:

Binding assays were performed in 200  $\mu L$  total volume according to the following conditions. All dilutions are performed in assay buffer:

| 1. Membrane dilution:  | 1.5 μg of membranes per well, diluted in order to dispense 150μL/well. Keep on ice.   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Assembly on ice     (in 96 Deep well plate)  Saturation Binding: | <ul> <li>25 μL of assay buffer or of unlabeled ligand (IB-MECA, 5 μM final) for determination of non specific binding</li> <li>25 μL of radioligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 2)</li> <li>150 μL of diluted membranes</li> </ul> |  |  |
| Competition Binding:   | <ul> <li>25 μL competitor ligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 3)</li> <li>25 μL of radioligand (0.4 nM final)</li> <li>150 μL of diluted membranes</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| 3. Incubation:   | 60 min at 27°C.   |  |  |
| 4. Filters preparation:  | GF/C filters were presoaked in 0.5 % BSA at room temperature for at least 30 min.   |  |  |
| 5. Filtration:   | Aspirate and wash 9 x 500 µL with ice cold wash buffer using a FilterMate Harvester.  |  |  |
| 6. Counting:   | Add 30 µL/well of MicroScint <sup>™</sup> -O (Revvity # 6013611), cover filter with a TopSeal-A PLUS (Revvity # 6050185) and read on a TopCount <sup>®</sup> .  |  |  |



## GTPγS - SPA® Assay Procedure

Assay Buffer: 20 mM HEPES pH 7.4; 100 mM NaCl, 10  $\mu g/ml$  saponin, 3 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>

GDP concentration: 1 µM GDP (final)

SPA Beads: PVT-WGA (Revvity # RPNQ0001), 0.25 mg/well

Radioligand:  $GTP\gamma S$ , [35S] - (Revvity # NEG030H)

Membranes:  $4 \mu g/well$  Format: 96-well

Final volume: 100 µL/well

GTP $\gamma$ S -SPA assays were performed in 100  $\mu$ L total volume according to the following conditions. All dilutions are performed in assay buffer:

|      | ca in assay banci.                    |   |  |  |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1.   | Membrane Dilution:                    | 4 μg of membranes per well, diluted in order to dispense 10 μL/well. Keep on ice.   |  |  |
| 2.   | GDP saturation:                       | Mix a 10-fold concentrated GDP solution (i.e. 10 μM) with the membranes dilution. Incubate "membranes : GDP mix" on ice for 15 min.   |  |  |
| 3.   | GTPγS, [ <sup>35</sup> S] - dilution: | Dilute GTPγS, [ <sup>35</sup> S] - to give ~25.000 dpm/10μL   |  |  |
| 4.   | Beads:                                | Dilute beads to 25 mg/mL (0.25 mg/10 $\mu$ L).<br>Premix beads with the GTP $\gamma$ S, [ $^{35}$ S] - dilution just before starting the reaction ("GTP $\gamma$ S, [ $^{35}$ S] - : Beads mix").   |  |  |
|      | Assembly (in Optiplate™),             | <ul> <li>50 μL of 2x agonist dilution at increasing concentrations</li> <li>20 μL of the "membranes: GDP mix"</li> <li>10 μL of assay buffer</li> <li>20 μL of the "GTPγS, [35S] -: Beads mix"</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Anta | agonist Assay:                        | <ul> <li>50 μL of 2x antagonist dilution at increasing concentrations</li> <li>20 μL of the "membranes: GDP mix"</li> <li>10 μL of 10x reference agonist dilution to reach a final concentration corresponding to its EC<sub>80</sub></li> <li>20 μL of the "GTPγS, [<sup>35</sup>S] -: Beads mix"</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 6.   | Incubation:                           | <ul> <li>Cover plate with a TopSeal</li> <li>Shake on an orbital shaker for 2 min</li> <li>Incubate for 1h at RT°</li> <li>Centrifuge the plate for 10 min at 2000 rpm</li> <li>Incubate for 1h at RT°</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| 7.   | Counting                              | Count for 1 min on a TopCount®  |  |  |



#### References

- 1. Salvatore CA, Jacobson MA, Taylor HE, Linden J, Johnson RG (1993) Molecular cloning and characterization of the human A3 adenosine receptor. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 90:10365-10369.
- 2. Fredholm BB, Irenius E, Kull B, Schulte G.(2001) Comparison of the potency of adenosine as an agonist at human adenosine receptors expressed in Chinese hamster ovary cells. Biochem Pharmacol. 61:443-448.
- 3. Klotz KN (2000) Adenosine receptors and their ligands. Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch Pharmacol. 362:382-391.
- 4. Jockers R, Linder ME, Hohenegger M, Nanoff C, Bertin B, Strosberg AD, Marullo S, Freissmuth M. (1994) Species difference in the G protein selectivity of the human and bovine A1-adenosine receptor. J Biol Chem 269:32077-32084.



#### Materials and Instrumentation

The following tables provide the references of compounds and reagents used or recommended for the characterization of the human Adenosine  $A_3$  receptor ValiScreen® cell line, as well as some advice on how to use these compounds:

Table 1. References of compounds used for functional characterization and binding assays

| Name                            | Provider | Cat no | Working Stock Solution |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------|------------------------|
| IB-MECA                         | Sigma    | 1146   | 25 mM in DMSO          |
| 2-Chloro-IB-MECA (2-Cl-IB-MECA) | Tocris   | 1104   | 10 mM in DMSO          |
| CGS 15943                       | Sigma    | C199   | 50 mM in DMSO          |
| CGS 21680                       | Sigma    | C141   | 10 mM in DMSO          |
| MRS 1220                        | Tocris   | 1217   | 10 mM in DMSO          |
| ZM 24138                        | Tocris   | 1036   | 5 mM in Ethanol        |
| Rolipram                        | Tocris   | 0905   | 50 mM in DMSO          |
| [125I]-AB-MECA                  | Revvity  | NEX312 | N/A                    |

Table 2. References of cell culture media and assay buffers.

| Name  | Provider            | Cat no     |
|---|---------------------|------------|
| HAM's F-12  | Hyclone             | SH30026.02 |
| DMEM  | Hyclone             | SH30022.02 |
| Advanced DMEM/F12 (serotonin receptors)                       | Invitrogen          | 12634-010  |
| EMEM  | BioWitthaker        | 06-174G    |
| EX-CELL DHFR <sup>-</sup> media (DHFR deficient cell lines)   | Sigma               | C8862      |
| FBS   | Wisent              | 80150      |
| FBS dialyzed  | Wisent              | 80950      |
| G418 (geneticin)  | Wisent              | 400-130-IG |
| Zeocin  | Invitrogen          | R25005     |
| Blasticidin   | invitrogen          | R210-01    |
| Puromycin   | Wisent              | 400-160-EM |
| Standard HBSS (with CaCl <sub>2</sub> and MgCl <sub>2</sub> ) | GIBCO               | 14025      |
| HEPES   | MP Biomedicals, LLC | 101926     |
| BSA, Protease-free  | Sigma               | A-3059     |
| PEI   | Sigma               | P3143      |
| Trypsin-EDTA  | Hyclone             | SH30236.02 |
| Sodium Pyruvate   | GIBCO               | 11360      |
| L-Glutamine   | GIBCO               | 25030      |
| NEAA (non-essential amino acids)                              | GIBCO               | 11140      |
| Forskolin   | Sigma               | F6886      |

The information provided in this document is valid for the specified lot number and date of analysis. This information is for reference purposes only and does not constitute a warranty or guarantee of the product's suitability for any specific use. Revvity, Inc., its subsidiaries, and/or affiliates (collectively, "Revvity") do not assume any liability for any errors or damages arising from the use of this document or the product described herein. REVVITY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ALLEGEDLY ARISING FROM ANY USAGE OF ANY TRADE OR ANY COURSE OF DEALING, IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT ITSELF.

